

Understanding Net Feed Intake (Feedlot) EBVs

CE Dir	CE Dtrs	GL	BWT	200	400	600	MCW	Milk	DTC	SS	DOC	NFI-F	CWT	EMA	RIB	P8	RBV	IMF	FA	FC	RA	RH	RS	
-11.3 (96%)	-10.4 (90%)	+0.0 (99%)							-5.9 (81%)	+3.7 (98%)	+32 (98%)	+0.29 (90%)	+60 (96%)	+11.7 (98%)	-2.4 (98%)	-0.7 (98%)	+2.9 (98%)	+1.7 (98%)	+9 (98%)	-2 (89%)	-11 (83%)	+4.8 (58%)	-0.8 (67%)	
-6.1 (99%)	-11.1 (97%)	-2.3 (99%)										+0.59 (96%)	+87 (98%)							+8 (98%)	+12 (96%)	+1.5 (91%)	+0.4 (94%)	
+4.2 (98%)	+4.9 (96%)	-5.5 (99%)										+0.63 (93%)	+75 (98%)								-4 (96%)	-9 (93%)	-23.7 (84%)	+0.3 (89%)
+3.6 (85%)	-0.2 (73%)	-4.4 (99%)										+0.53 (73%)									-22 (45%)	-	-	-
-7.7 (98%)	-15.5 (96%)	-5.3 (99%)										+0.30 (95%)	+85 (98%)								+26 (84%)	+10 (65%)	+3.1 (38%)	-0.8 (60%)
-0.3 (99%)	-0.3 (97%)	-4.8 (99%)										+0.26 (96%)	+84 (98%)	+5 (98%)							+24 (97%)	+16 (93%)	+2.7 (83%)	-1.3 (90%)
+2.8 (98%)	-0.9 (96%)	-2.7 (99%)	+2.6 (99%)	+30 (99%)	+59 (99%)	+78 (99%)	+44 (99%)	+20 (99%)	-5.8 (97%)	+2.7 (99%)	+26 (96%)	+0.44 (94%)	+40 (98%)	+5.0 (98%)	+3.2 (98%)	+1.1 (98%)	-0.9 (97%)	+2.3 (97%)	-4 (84%)	+0 (82%)	+4 (72%)	+1.9 (51%)	-0.6 (64%)	

NFI-F EBVs are estimates of genetic differences between animals in feed intake at a standard weight and rate of weight gain when animals are in a feedlot finishing phase.

Lower NFI-F EBVs indicate the animal is expected to produce progeny that eat less feed per day, relative to their weight and rate of weight gain.

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NFI-F EBVs are calculated from the differences in the amount of feed consumed by animals in feed efficiency trials where animals are placed in a feedlot while in a finishing phase, and are expressed in kilogram per day units.

Lower NFI-F EBVs indicate the animal is expected to produce progeny that eat less feed per day, relative to their weight and rate of weight gain.

Using Net Feed Intake (Feedlot) EBVs to Compare the Genetics of Two Animals

NFI-F EBVs can be used to estimate the expected difference in feed intake at a standard weight and rate of weight gain of progeny from two animals, with the expected difference equating to half the difference in the NFI-F EBV of the animals, all other things being equal (e.g. they are joined to the same animal/s).

For example, a bull with an NFI-F EBV of -0.80 would be expected to produce progeny that eat on average 0.5 kg less feed per day when at the same weight and growing at the same rate than the progeny of a bull with an NFI-F EBV of +0.20 (i.e. 1.0 kg/day difference between the sire's EBVs, then halved as the sire only contributes half the genetics).

Using Net Feed Intake (Feedlot) EBVs to Benchmark an Animal's Genetics with the Breed

Similarly, NFI-F EBVs can be used to benchmark an animal's genetics for net feed intake during a finishing phase relative to other Angus animals in Australia and New Zealand.

To benchmark an animal's genetics relative to other Angus animals, an animal's NFI-F EBV can be compared to:

- the breed average EBV
- the percentile table

The current breed average and percentile table for Net Feed Intake (Feedlot) can be found on the Angus Australia website, or they are normally listed in most BREDPLAN reports, sale and semen catalogues.

Considering Accuracy

An accuracy value is published in association with each NFI-F EBV, which is usually displayed as a percentage value immediately below the EBV.

The accuracy value provides an indication of the reliability of the EBV in estimating the animal's genetics for calving ease (or true breeding value), and is an indication of the amount of information that has been used in the calculation of the EBV.

NFI-F EBVs with accuracy values below 50% should be considered as preliminary or of low accuracy, 50-74% as of medium accuracy, 75-90% of medium to high accuracy, and 90% or greater as high accuracy.

For further information, please contact staff at:

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